

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1806.

[No. 1721]

Vol. VI.]

SALES AT VENDEE.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD,

AT THE VENDEE STORE,
Corner of Prince and Water streets,
Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Persons of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day.

All kinds of goods which are on exhibition
and the prices of which are established,
can always be viewed and purchased at the
lower exhibition and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. m.

Last Received,

By the Schooner Betsy, and
FOR SALE,

15,000 lbs. COFFEE,
50 bushels and caskets of SUGAR, and
6 lbs. of LOGWOOD.

E. JANNEY.

I wish to Rent,
A TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE,

On the west side of Fairfax street, nearly
opposite to Rickett and Newton's. It
will accommodate a family, and a floor and
great store. There is a shed sufficient to
hold 400 bushels flour.

E. JANNEY.

Sold by Auctioneer.

Wanted to Purchase,

A FEW ACRES of LAND, on the north
edge of the town, to build on the river or
nearby.

Apply to the Printer.

September 25.

WANTED,

In a Wholesale Store,
A YOUNG MAN, about 18 years old, of respec-
table connections, and possessing an ac-
curate knowledge of his profession.

Enquire of the Printer.

Sept. 1.

Wants a Situation in Business,

A YOUNG MAN, of respectable connec-
tions, who makes a good hand. For further par-
ticulars

Enquire of the Printer.

Sept. 10.

FOR SALE,

A middle-aged Negro Woman.

Apply to the Printer.

July 15.

WANTED IN PURCHASE,

A NEGRO MAN, steady and honest, and
accustomed to horses.

Apply to the Printer.

Sept. 15.

FOR SALE,

A STOUT able bodied NEGRO MAN,

About 26 or 27 years of age.

Apply to the Printer.

July 16.

FOR SALE,

A FINE healthy, stout NEGRO MAN,

About twenty-eight years of age.

Apply to the Printer.

Sept. 15.

FOR SALE,

A YOUNG, strong, and hearty NEGRO

WOMAN, with a female child of her

own. She is honest and sober, an excellent

wife, and a good cook, and extremely

equal to any kind of work, is a good spin-

ster, but has an *enormous* tongue; for which

she is to be sold.—She is not to be dis-

posed of at a distance unless she consents

thereto.

Enquire of the Printer.

August 12.

If she may be had on trial.

Fresh Teas,

Brambleberry, in small lead canis-

ses, and for sale, by

TUNIS CRAYEN.

800 LB. OF BAR-LEAD,

JUST COME TO HAND,

And for sale by

A. Linde.

Sept. 10.

10,000 weight Green Coffee,

JUST RECEIVED,

And for sale, by

Mordoc Miller.

August 14.

For Sale, Freight or Charter,
The substantial and fast
fishing Ship

 LEONIDAS,

Carries about five hundred hog-
heads, not two years old, now
ready to receive a cargo. For
terms apply to Captain R. M'Kenzie, at Gads-
by's Hotel, or to

James Patton.

October 2.

Wanted to Hire by the Year,
A FEMALE accustomed to Cooking
Washing and Ironing.

W. S. MOORE.

October 3.

A MILLER WANTED.

One who can come well recommended with
find employment by applying to the subscriber
in Alexandria.

E. JANNEY.

Sept. 29th, 1806.

Now Landing,

From the Ship MARIA ANTOINETTE, at New
Orleans.

34 barrels PORK

40 do. Beef

27 hds. Jamaica

20 do. St. Croix

20 do. New-England

10 pipes Holland

5 do. American

2 do. Cognac Brandy

20 boxes Mould Candles

50 lbs. COKE HAM,

9 pipes Cognac Brandy

London Particular

WINES,

London Market

30 pipes & 48 casks

FOR SALE, by

Wadsworth & Butler,

Union, between King and Prince-street.

August 25.

FOR RENT,

The STORE, on Prince-street, between
Fairfax and Prince-street, lately in the occu-
pation of Mr. Ramsay. It is well calculated
for a dry or wet goods store. The rent mod-
erate. Apply to

William Hodgeson.

Sept. 23.

13 blds. SUGAR of good quality,

33 lbs. do. do.

5 pipes 41 proof Brandy

4 or 5 casks Sherry Wine

of excellent

14 do. Malaga

do. 3 quality.

Bones of certain Birds

Sacks of Licorice Root and Sago

Barrels of Clover and Herbs Grass Seed

And a large quantity of Red Sole Leather.

For Sale by

Benjamin Shreve, jun.

July 26.

Patent Elastic Suspenders,

To be had, wholesale and retail, of the patented

next-door below Mr. Alexander R. McKenzie,

corner of Prince street, Alexandria.

They surpass any yet extant, for ease,

legance, &c. Masters of vessels and

other gentlemen going to the West Indies,

Spanish Main, &c. may be furnished with an

assortment, and a great allowance to those who

purchase by the quantity.

N. B. The buttons on the back parts of the

waistband ought to be placed the same distance

from each other, as the two center buttons on

the Suspenders, to prevent improper straining

and thereby destroying the ease designed in

construction of the article.

July 2. RICHARD MORWELL.

Ranaway Negro.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, early

in July, a negro man named GRESHAW.

He is about 36 years of age, 5 feet 11 inches

or 6 feet high, of a tawny complexion, has a

scar on one of his jaws or side of his face forming

a half circle; I think it is on the right, but am not positive. He is a slim made fellow, with a bushy head, and when spoken to

has a very sly and down look. When he went away he had a green round coat, buff colored breeches, with homespun cloathing, and has never been accustomed to any work but in the crop or field. I have understood he has crossed

the Potowmack about Britain's Bay, over into Maryland. I expect he has procured a pass

and will endeavor to appear as a freeman.

All masters of vessels and others are fore-

warned from harboring or carrying him away

under the penalty of the law.

I will give Twenty Dollars reward if taken

in Maryland, or Fifteen if taken in the North-

ern Neck, so that I get him again.

George Christopher.

Westmoreland County, Vir.

1st September. 3 20 dif

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

TWENTY stout, able bodied laborers, to
be hired by the month, to work on the road
between Alexandria and Washington.

Apply to

Andrew Scholfield.

September 27.

District of Columbia County of Alex-

andria, 11.

July Term, 1806.

Thomas Turner, Robinson and

Harrison, and William

Taylor, complainants.

vs.

Robert T. Hooe, James H.

Hooe, and John Muncaster,

trading under the firm of

R. T. Hooe, & Co. and John

and Bennett Forbes, Alex-

ander Henderson, Jr. and

Alexandria Price Current
CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Articles.	Per.	Prices.	Dollars.	Cts.	Dec.
Bread, Ship	Cwt.	4 00			
Navy		5 —			
Pilot		6 —			
Crackers		6 50			
Beef cargo No. 1.	bbl.	12 —			
Bacon	lb.	12 ¹ ₂			
Butter for export		18	a	20	
Coffee, West India		31		32	
Cotton		21		23	
Chocolate		25			
Candles Mould		18			
Dipt		20			
Spermaceti		50		53	
Cheese, American		13		16	
English		none.			
Duck, Best Russia	bolts.	20		22	
Fish Salmon	bbl.	none.			
Herrings		4 50			
Mackrel		none.			
Shad		3 25			
Flax Seed		1			
Flour Superfine		5 50			
Fine		5 75			
Midlings		5 25			
Grain, Indian Corn	bus.	65			
Wheat		1 8			
Rye		67			
Barley		1			
Oats		83			
Hides, Spanish	lb.	19		11	
Hemp	cwt.	9		11	
Hogshead	lb.	12 ¹ ₂	none at		
Iron	ton	110	115	[market]	
Leather Sole	lb.	22			
Lime	bbl.	2			
Limes		5			
Lemons		none.			
Lumber,	100ft.				
Oak timber & scantling		5		7	
Pine Scantling		2		3	
Boards 4-4		1 70			
— 5-4		2 10			
White do Common	4-4	1 50			
do Clean	4-4	2 20			
Shingles, Junp. 24 in. M.		4 50			
Common		3 50			
Cypress	24	3			
Do	18	2			
Staves hhd.		28			
bbl		20			
Red Oak		10			
hhd. do		9			
Meal	bus.	1 16	1 25		
Molasses	gal.	38	42		
Nankeens	piece	84			
Pork, prime	bbl.	22	scarce.		
Cargo		19			
Southern 2d qual.		18	19		
Plaster Paris c. pr.	ton	7 50	8		
Do Retail		10			
Porter, American	doz.	1 50			
London		none.			
Rice	100lb	4 50			
Soap, Amer. white	lb dull	10	11		
Do brown		9			
Castile		15	17		
Salt-Petre, Refined		37 ¹ ₂			
Not Refined		14			
Spirits	gall.				
Brandy 4th proof		1 —	1 25		
Rum Jam. 4th do		90	93		
Antigua 2d		78	83		
Windward 2d & 3d		75	78		
American		50	54		
Whiskey		53	56		
Sugar H. white	100lb	13			
Do. brown		11			
Candy white		13			
Do. brown		11			
Muscovado 1st qual.		11 50			
Do. 2d do		10 50			
Do. 3d do		10			
Loaf	lb	20	22		
Salt St. Ubes	bus.	75	80		
Lisbon		70			
Cadiz		70			
Liverpool Blown		70			
Turk Island		80	85		
Isle of May		70	75		
Liverpool Fine sack	3 40	3 50			
Shot all sizes	cwt.	13 50	14		
Sheetings, Russia	piece	22			
Steel Blistered	cwt.	8 33			
Crowley		18			
Tobacco Md.	100lb				
Up. Patuxent 1st qual.		6 50			
Do. 2d		5 50	3 50		
Virginia		4	4 25		
Lower do		3 50	3 75		
Rappahannock		4 50			
Teas, Y. Hyson	lb	1 10			
Imperial		1 40			
Tallow Amer.		12 ¹ ₂			
Wax Bees		37 ¹ ₂			
Wines, Madeira	pipe	260	300		
Lisbon	gal.	1 10	1 20		
Sherry		1 15	1 20		
Teneriffe		80	1 20		
Claret	doz.	8	12		
Malaga	gal.	85	90		
Port		1 50	scarce		

PRICE OF STOCKS.

Alexandria Bank, — 200
Potomac do, — 90
Exchange on London, par.

PROJECTS.
From the RICHMOND ENQUIRER.
ON THE POLICY OF THE U. STATES TOWARDS
FOREIGN NATIONS.

NEXT to our own internal government, and, with which, by the bye, this subject is closely connected, there can be nothing of greater interest or importance, offered to the consideration of an American, than the policy of the United States towards foreign nations. The affair is now arrived to a crisis; our national dignity will receive an indelible stain, or remain as heretofore, pure and spotless upon the page of history. De Yrujo is re-appointed, by his court, at the command of Bonaparte, minister plenipotentiary near the United States! If he is received in that character, we shall be the most degraded and despised nation upon earth: if he is sent from our country, and repulsed, as he should be, with indignity and insult, from our shores, WAR with France and Spain, is the inevitable consequence. Since the battle of Austerlitz there has been but one man on the continent of Europe: on that eventful day the political existence of every other inhabitant, be he prince or peasant, of continental Europe, was annihilated. But the battle of Trafalgar, too, did much; and oppressed human nature may yet boast that there is ONE independent nation in the eastern world. That "little bit of land in the ocean,"* called Britain, still opposes a sturdy opposition, and inexpungable bulwark to the views of universal empire which it is manifest are entertained by Bonaparte. This man, by a series of wonderful achievements, has elevated himself to the very pinnacle of chimerical glory, and to the zenith of human power. "High on a throne of royal state, which far outriveth the wealth of Ormus and of Ind, "Or where the gorgeous east with richest hand Show's on her kings barbaric pearl and gold, "SATAN exalted sat, by merit rais'd To that bad eminence; and **** * * * * Thus high uplifted beyond hope, aspires Aspires beyond thus high." Yes, although Bonaparte is "thus high uplifted," he yet "aspires beyond thus high." We do not deny that he has designs upon the feeble states washed by the waves of the Mediterranean; upon the Moors, Syria, Egypt, and possibly the Barbary shores; indeed he may carry his romantic ambition to the length of attempting, in imitation of Alexander, an overland expedition to India: But does this prove that he does not also want "ships colonies and commerce," here in our western world? Will the advocate for a robber say that his taking a purse out of the left pocket is any proof that he did not also take one out of the right? Is the friend of this imperial despotado prepared to defend him upon these grounds? And here, I think, are the only grounds upon which he has been defended. But on the contrary are not Bonaparte's views upon Spanish America, the West Indies, and these "good old United States," like the lies of Falstaff, "gross as a mountain, open, palpable?" Is not his re-appointment of that little swarthy, upstart Spanish monkey, De Yrujo, intended, to the apprehensions of all men, as an insult to our government, for the purpose of provoking that war which, however abject and servile we become, cannot much longer be protracted? It is, and no man whose understanding is not perverted, can deny it. It is therefore time enough for us to strike a blow. The isthmus of Darien is the proper boundary between North and South America; and it is not visionary to say, that the emancipation of the whole of the country south of Paragua, Panama and Terra Firma, is completely in our power, and surely very much our interest to effect. Our peace and happiness have been too long jeopardized by the neighborhood of an insidious friend. This circumstance has too long exposed us to the machinations of the greedy tyrants of enslaved Europe. It is time to expel these marauders from the soil of Columbia. It is time that we should be able to lay our heads on our peaceful pillows, undisturbed with the dreams of Spanish or French robbers. If it be said that an extension of territory is not desirable for the U. States, there are two replies at hand, both, in my judgment, unanswerable; who can set bounds to the federative system? These states, from North to south, and from east to west, of immense extent, are happily governed by it; why not extend it to the isthmus of Darien? Why not to the straits of Magellan? But if this be thought extravagant, which it certainly is not, let the territory of the United States remain as at present, but free Spanish America from its dependence on Europe.

That this event is desirable, I suppose no one will deny; and, as I cannot fore-

* One of Dibdin's patriotic airs.

see any objection to its practicability, I will not solve difficulties by anticipation. Perhaps, though, it may be thought necessary that I should show how these events should be brought about. This will lead me back to the title of this essay—our foreign relations. The last advices from England state, that our differences with that country were in a train of amicable and satisfactory adjustment. Mr. Monroe himself entertained no doubts of his success, and calculated, the last time the writer of this heard from him, through a private channel, upon concluding his mission and returning to his native land in a few weeks. Such being the happy state of our affairs with that country, I do not hesitate to say that it is the policy of the U. S. to form an alliance offensive and defensive with G. B. for the express purpose of throwing our weight into her scale of opposition to the universal ambition of Bonaparte. We could do this, for reasons before mentioned, without making the smallest sacrifice. We could secure the powerful and invincible aid of the British navy, without paying a shilling for it.—What would G. B. expect in return for this assistance? She would expect what we could give her, without loss to us, but at the same time of unspeakable advantage to herself; of advantage to her in that very object of ambition for which she so bravely and unceasingly contends. With our assistance G. Britain could conquer and retain the whole West Indian Archipelago. We do not want these islands: We have not a fleet to protect them. But G. Britain does want them: and G. Britain has a fleet to protect them. It is our policy to recruit every European nation from the continents of North and South America; and G. Britain would readily give up Canada for the West Indies. What an enviable and elevated happiness would then be our lot! The whole western world, from Cape Horn to the north pole, "free as air!" These views are extensive; but valor and perseverance can work miracles. I suppose that there is no political sceptic, no infatuated friend of Bonaparte, who will deny that America and Great Britain allied, in this manner, could successfully oppose the world. Here then would there be a barrier to the ambition of Bonaparte; then might Mr. Jefferson and Mr. Fox issue their imperative mandate: "thus far shalt thou go and no farther."

Some men pretend to entertain fears for our inviolable political institutions from a close alliance with Great Britain; but to me these fears appear idle and groundless. Two nations may form the closest alliance, for the great purposes of defence and national security, without their governments assimilating in the remotest degree. Let Great Britain preserve her kingly government, if it so pleases her, and let us as we can and shall, preserve our own democratic form of rule, free from the alloy of hereditary distinctions. Great Britain will appreciate the value of our alliance too much to hazard it by even again officially interfering with our councils. And indeed if under another administration she should be so unwise as to attempt it, it is to be hoped that our government, if not too virtuous, will at least be too politic to barter the interests of their country, for any paltry benefit that a minion of Britain could bestow. Truly I cannot perceive what interest or motive Britain could have for making such an attempt. As to involving us in a war with France, Bonaparte is about to effect that purpose ready to their hands; and as such is the inevitable necessity, let us use the power of the only nation on earth that can effectually assist us. Our situation is so peculiarly happy with respect to Great Britain, that she can essentially aid us; without possessing the means of annoying any of our possessions, save our commerce and our seaport towns.

As to the expences of this war, and the consequent increase of our debt, this, it must be allowed, is only paying the price of liberty and independence. But in Mexico and Peru we shall find a sponge to wipe away, at one brush, our national debt, if it were ten times as great as it is.

These hasty remarks are written by one who was not born in '76, but who was a republican in '98, and is a republican in 1806; who was in favor of France when Europe was combined against her, and now is in favor of Britain when Europe is combined against her.

ALCIBIADES.

Hanover, Sept. 29, 1806.

From a London Monthly Review, for June, 1806.
A Review of a pamphlet entitled "The War as it is, and as it should be: by a true Englishman, London, June, 1806."

"Peace," says Milton, "has its victories," and peace may have its hostilities,

not less fatal than actual war. We are in a predicament which requires us to look to other circumstances than merely the sheathing of the sword. If peace be made it should include all the terms which actual friendship between nations implies; for unless this point be obtained it cannot be of long duration. The writer of the present pamphlet infers the importance of this principle, and he justly contends that "If France expects to be admitted to the participation of amicable privileges, in consequence of the peace which she enters into with us, we have a right to expect a participation of corresponding principles in consequence of the peace into which we enter with her." Should the enemy reject this proposal and determine on perpetual warfare against our commerce and manufactures, the author recommends the adoption of a new species of warfare, in order to force him to equitable terms. Ministers are advised rejecting the former public code, to refuse the privilege hitherto allowed to neutral flags; to repress the "War in Disguise," which they are prosecuting; to blockade the enemy's ports; and, copying Bonaparte's example, to erect some new empires; and to enter into a competition with him in the trade of King-making. It is strongly urged to form a new kingdom of Bourbon for Louis XVIII in South America; to slice off an extensive district from Spanish America for the family of Portugal, should they be driven out of Europe; to appropriate to our own use the remainder of the Spanish provinces in the new world; to give the Cape of Good-Hope to the emperor of Russia, and the island of Martinique to the king of Sweden; to conquer Corsica, Minorca, Majorca and Ivica for the king of Sardinia; to recompence the king of Naples for his lost territories in Europe, by St. Domingo, Guadeloupe, &c. and to force Bonaparte to acknowledge these empires which we shall have created, in return for our acknowledgement of the new states which he has erected on the continent."

BY THIS DAY'S MAIL.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

By the ship Eliza from Liverpool, and the Science, captain Howard, from London, we have completed our files of London papers and Lloyd's Lists to the 16th of August.

The Russians to evacuate Cattaro, and separate themselves from the Montenegrins.

The French to evacuate Ragusa, which shall again be placed under the protection of the Porte.

The Porte guaranteed in the integrity of its dominions.

France promises within a certain time after the evacuation of Cattaro, to withdraw her troops from Germany.

Russia to use her good offices to restore peace between England and France, and to accommodate the differences between Prussia and Sweden.

Nothing is said with respect to the king of Prussia, who, if the above sketch be correct, is left to his fate!

The new act of confederation was received by the Arch Chancellor on the 24th, and was immediately to be laid before the Diet. In the mean time the French troops are taking positions for the purpose of preventing all opposition to the execution of the act of confederacy. A great camp is to be formed near Ratisbon, and Germany will not be evacuated till the work of treason, by which so many members of the empire are to throw off all allegiance to the head of the empire, has been consummated.

It has been agreed between the Austrian government and the French ambassador, that nothing further shall be done with respect to Cattaro till the arrival of a declaration from Paris. Cattaro is in the hands of the Montenegrins, who are represented as increasing in force, and laying waste the whole country with fire and sword.—The French are represented as being shut up in Ragusa, but the accounts received by the Paris papers, which arrived on Friday, are of a later date than those brought by ne mails.

August 12.

The intelligence of peace having been signed with Russia, was received with the greatest surprise in every part of Germany, for the movements which the troops had begun to make seemed rather to announce preparations for war—we can hardly believe that the sketch of the terms of the treaty brought by the mail yesterday, was correct; some of the principal stipulations seem to have been omitted. It is obvious, however, that Germany has been abandoned to her fate, and that Bonaparte is to parcel it out, and new cast and model it according to his pleasure.

August 13.

The descent upon the coast of Calabria is mentioned in a letter from Naples of the 11th. Instead of 10,000 British troops having landed, there were only a few troops with 600 galley slaves. They landed on the 4th, but returned soon to their ships, compelled, as the latter says, by geo. Verdier to embark. It is probable that they meant merely to make a diversion, in which they succeeded. The French, it is obvious, had no victory to boast of.

August 14.

Earl St. Vincent has left the Channel fleet, and sailed to the southward in the Hibernia, with the Defiance and some smaller ships. He will first proceed to Lisbon, but we can hardly believe for the purpose mentioned a day or two ago, of taking on board the prince of Brazil. He would not desert his kingdom till the last extremity. But the Lisbon mail which arrived this morning, justifies us in entertaining a suspicion that some expedition is intended against Portugal. This is understood to be one of the menaces which Bonaparte holds out against this country in order to induce us to subscribe to certain terms.

The anxiously expected messenger is at length arrived. At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon the Vestal frigate came into Deal, and landed Mr. Basilico with dispatches from the earl of Lauderdale, who immediately set off for town, where he arrived at Mr. Fox's office about two o'clock this morning.

A cabinet council was held upon the dispatches this morning, and it is said that a messenger is to be dispatched to Paris this evening. Of the nature of the dispatches we cannot be supposed to be informed. It is natural however to believe that they are of the highest importance. It is rumored that lord Lauderdale reached Paris on Tuesday morning, having remained some hours at Amiens to take a little rest. Upon his arrival at Paris, he immediately announced his arrival to M. Talleyrand, and had a long conference with the earl of Yarmouth. We believe he proceeded as soon as he reached Paris to the hotel where lord Yarmouth resides, which will be the Hotel des Etrangers, up

The following is said the cause of his lordship having delayed dispatching Basilico for so many days after his arrival. As we have already mentioned, lord Lauderdale, immediately upon reaching Paris, announced his arrival to Talleyrand, who is rumored to have returned for answer "that business which could not be deferred, would occupy his whole time for two or three days, during which he could not have the pleasure of seeing his lordship." It is reported, how truly we know not, that he had no interview with Talleyrand before Saturday or Sunday.

The arrival of the messenger has produced a rise in the funds. Omnia has risen about 1-4 per cent., a rise not sufficiently great to warrant an inference that the dispatches are decisively favorable. As there had been a report that lord Lauderdale was on his return the rise may be attributed principally, if not wholly, to the knowledge that that rumor is untrue, and that his lordship remains at Paris.

August 15.

ENGLAND & AMERICA.

The lord mayor gave yesterday a splendid entertainment to the lord chancellor and others of the cabinet ministers, in honor of his excellency the hon. David Erskine, the minister proceeding from England to America. There were present on this occasion—

The lord chancellor, earl Spencer, lord Ellenborough, Mr. Windham, s'r S. Cottrell, W. Curtis and Charles Price, Mr. Barclay, Mr. Combe, Mr. Munro, Mr. Pinckney, general Lyman, the honorable H. Erskine, Mr. Harris, and Mr. Wilson, the lord chancellor's solicitor.

After dinner the following toasts were drank :

The king, and God bless him.
The queen, and royal family.

The prince and his royal brothers, and thanks to them for the honour they have done the city in the present mayoralty by their presence."

The American ministers present, Mr. Munroe, Mr. Pinckney, and general Lyman, and may there be perpetual harmony between the two countries.

Mr. Munroe begged leave to return thanks for the honor which had been done him, which he did not estimate so much personally, as with regard to his country. There existed a thousand reasons, he said, which made it desirable for him to promote a becoming feeling of good will between Great Britain and America; but he must be considered a true and faithful servant of his republic, yet no personal exertions on his part should be wanting to preserve that cordiality which was so essential to the interests of the two countries; and he begged leave to drink all their good healths.

Mr. Pinckney observed, that he accorded perfectly in the sentiments that had been expressed by his colleague, and that no endeavors on his part should be wanting to promote the good understanding which ought ever to subsist between Great Britain and America.

The next toast was

The lord chancellor of England, and may the name of Erskine and the trial by jury ever be united."

The lord chancellor returned thanks. He said, he felt it to be the highest honor that he could enjoy, to have his health drunk and introduced in the manner it had been at the head quarters of the city of London, a city where he has many opportunities of using the talents which he possessed in support of that law which was the admiration of the world and which was so nobly executed by his noble and learned friend present, whose health he would take the liberty of proposing.

The health of lord Ellenborough having been drank.

His lordship thanked the company for the honor they had done him so much beyond his deserts.

The 2d, or Queen's dragoons have been suddenly ordered to embark for foreign service. They arrived at Plymouth on Tuesday by forced marches, and are to embark, it is said dismounted, on board the Malta 84, and some large coppered transports hourly expected from the eastern ports.

Orders are also arrived for a company of the royal artillery from Dock barracks, to embark on board the Malta, now in Caw-sand bay. The accounts in circulation of the destination of these troops are various and contradictory; by some it is asserted they are destined for Lisbon, others for the Cape or Sicily.

At the council held yesterday at the queen house parliament was further prorogued from the 28th instant to the 9th of October. But this parliament will, it is re-

ported, never meet again. A dissolution is said to be intended in September.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 6.

The prospect of peace is daily lessening. Basilico, the anxiously expected messenger from Paris, with dispatches from the earl of Lauderdale, arrived at Mr. Fox's office on the morning of the 14th. All that has transpired respecting these dispatches is contained in the following articles from the Courier of the 15th.

The arrival of the messenger has produced a rise in the funds. Omnia has risen about 1-4 per cent., a rise not sufficiently great to warrant an inference that the dispatches are decisively favorable. As there had been a report that lord Lauderdale was on his return the rise may be attributed principally, if not wholly, to the knowledge that that rumor is untrue, and that his lordship remains at Paris.

Never perhaps was there a more extraordinary day than yesterday upon the stock Exchange. Before the opening of the doors, the crowd of brokers was great in the courts and avenues leading to it. The first price of Omnia was 9 1-2. It rose upon the idea that Basilico had brought favorable dispatches to 10 1-2, 3 4, and even 11. It fluctuated for some time between 10 & 11. At length, between one and two, notwithstanding the wonderful secrecy we hear so much about, some of the brokers, who are looked up to as the best informed, and who were the first to purchase at the commencement of the correspondence with France, came into the market and sold largely. The bulls or buyers were in an instant chop-fallen. Those who, a moment before, were all life and spirits, confident of a rise, sank into gloom and despondence. When the well-informed brokers offered their Omnia for sale, few would buy till Omnia had experienced a depression of two or three percent. From 10, Omnia fell at once to 7 3 4. Fresh sellers came in—the panic increased, and Omnia fell to 5 3 4, and Consols to 62. They recovered a little, and left off at 62 1-4 the latter, and 6 1-4 the former.

This morning they opened a little better; Consols were at 62 5 8, and one bargain was done, we hear, in Omnia, at 8; but it declined afterwards to 7 1 2, 6 3 4, and 6 1 2, at which price it was when our account left the city.

A variety of rumors, none of them favorable to peace, were in circulation yesterday. The bears or sellers were completely "the lords of the ascendant." We believe we were correct in asserting, that Talleyrand, under pretence of more important business (as if there could be any other business of more importance) evaded seeing lord Lauderdale for some days after his arrival. It was not till Saturday or Sunday that his lordship is said to have had his first interview. On Monday he had another interview. The answer to his dispatches is rumored to be decisive. It will bring the business to a very speedy decision; perhaps the next dispatches will bring the decision. There is a report that Russia and France co-operate to resist our right of search. Other rumors in circulation stated, that a treaty of alliance, offensive and defensive, had been concluded between Russia and France; that lord Levison Gower, who arrived yesterday, had brought very unfavorable intelligence with respect to the sentiments of the new Russian ministry towards this country. It was said too that the revival of a maritime confederacy in the north was not unlikely; that lord Lauderdale might be expected back in a few days, &c. Upon these reports, we cannot, of course, pronounce with any certainty. It was generally believed, however, that the negotiation was in a very unfavorable state; that France had evinced a disposition to protract, and that we were determined not to be the dupes of such a policy, but to order lord Lauderdale to quit Paris directly, if he should discover that the enemy were resolved to persist in such a disposition.

(New York Com. Ad.)

For Sale, Freight, or Charter,
The fast sailing
Schooner Harmony;

[Burthen about 650 barrels]

In complete order to take in a cargo—for particulars apply to JOHN TUCKER.

Oct. 6. d^o

Cash, and the highest price given for clean Linen and Cotton Rags, by the Printer of this paper.

IN COMMON COUNCIL;

ED. OCTOBER, 1805.

ORDERED,

THAT the election of a superintendent of the watch be postponed to the next meeting of Council.

On the petition of sundry inhabitants of ward no. 3, praying that a well and pump may be sunk at the north west corner of King and Henry streets—it is ordered, that the street commissioner for the northern district proceed to sink one agreeably to law as soon as the subscribers to said petition place funds in his hands, they to be refunded the sum by them paid, by the same being deducted from their taxes.

Ordered, That the physician to the poor and work house be allowed one hundred and fifty dollars per annum, payable quarterly, to be computed from the appointment of the present physician, and that the auditor issue his warrants accordingly.

Ordered, That all accounts rendered by the superintendent of the watch for services of watchmen, be stated on the oath of the said superintendent of the watch previous to the payment of said accounts.

Resolved, That it is the opinion of Council, that where different persons are in partnership, that only one wholesale or retail tax be paid by the firm, or co-partners connected together in business where they occupying houses.

Ordered, That the street commissioner for the southern district, have the pump at the corner of Washington and Prince-street staken up, the well sunk deeper, so as to afford a sufficient supply of water, and the pump again put down in good order, and the expense thereof charged to the southern district.

Ordered, That the street commissioner for the southern district be allowed the sum of one hundred and forty dollars; and that the street commissioner for the northern district be allowed one hundred and forty dollars for their respective services for the last year, which sums shall be charged to their separate districts.

Test. JAMES M. MCREA, c. c.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold, to the highest bidder, on the 31st day of this present month, for ready cash, at the court-house, in the town of Dumfries,

Three very likely, stout, active, young Negro Men:

In virtue of a deed in trust executed by Thomas Harrison, of Thetford, to the subscriber, for the payment of a sum of money therein mentioned.

Thomas Harrison.

Dumfries, October 1. 1805. 2aw3w

Thirty Dollars Reward.

AN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 17th August, a negro man, named HARRY, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, well made, remarkable for his large arms, and a little bow-legged. Carried with him a blue plaid coat, dark cloth ditto, and two or three oznaburgh shirts, and some other clothes, tho' do not recollect the particular description. The said negro was thirty-six years old last May, and has a small scar over one of his eyes though not discoverable without examination, and has the scar of a burn on one of his arms above the elbow, a surly look and coarse voice; three large wrinkles in his forehead when he talks to any person, and his teeth is somewhat black. Any person apprehending the above negro, and securing him in jail, so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward by

John Goodridge.

Orange County, Virginia,
September 21. (Oct. 6) 3t

GERMAN GOODS.

104 packages now landing from the ship Hero, capt. Cole, from Bremen, which will be sold on moderate terms, by

Robert Young.

October 5. d^o-law^d

DANCING SCHOOL.

M. GENERIS,
RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Alexandria, that his Dancing School will commence on Wednesday, the 8th of October. He will introduce a variety of new Steps and Dances, such as Pas Seul, Garottes, Cotillions, lately received from Paris. Likewise, the celebrated Polonaise Maitre, in the Opera of Cendrilla; danced by Mr. Francis on the Spring Garden Theatre—and a Grand Ballat.

NOTE.—To create ambition among his pupils, he proposes having an EXHIBITION at the end of their second quarter—therefore requests the parents who are anxious to have their children improved, to send them as soon as possible, so as to receive timely instruction.

October 2. d^o

WANTED,
Alexandria and Potomac Bank Shares.

ALSO,
A ground rent of one hundred dollars or £50, each secured by brick buildings.

Wm. GROVERMAN, Broker.

Oct. 2. e^o

A neat GIG For Sale.

APPLY TO
Finlay and Cook.

September 12.

2aw3w

Little River Turnpike Road.

THE President and Directors of the Little River Turnpike Company, having completed ten miles of the road, which has been approved and received by the persons appointed by his excellency the Governor of Virginia, to view and examine the same, have ordered that two gates be erected on said road, and that the following tolls be paid at each gate, from and after the tenth day of the present month, October, viz.

For every score of sheep, 6 1-4 cents.

For every score of hogs, 6 cents.

For every score of cattle, 12 1-2 cents, and so in proportion for any greater or lesser number.

For every horse, 8 cents.

For every two wheeled riding carriage, 6 1-4 cents.

For every four wheeled riding carriage, 12 1-2 cents.

For every cart or waggon, the wheels whereof do not exceed 4 inches in breadth, 3 cents for each horse drawing the same. If the wheels exceed 4 inches and are less than 7 inches in breadth, 1 1-2 cents for each horse, &c., and where the breadth of the wheels exceed 7 inches, 1 cent for each horse drawing the same—and every mule, or ex, drawing any waggon or cart, shall be estimated, in paying the said tolls, as equal to a horse; Provided always, that return waggons and carts shall be subject to no toll whatever, unless they shall have a load exceeding five hundred weight, in which case they shall pay the same tolls as by this act established; Provided, that nothing in this act shall extend to those travelling up or down the stage road leading from Colchester to Alexandria.

A STORE TO LET.

THE subscriber wishes to rent the STORE he now occupies in King-street, two doors below Mr. Sherron's. The stand for retailing either wet or dry goods, is equal to almost any other in town—and it would be a most eligible situation for a *Messiah* in any branch of business.—Possession will be given the first of October.

James Douglass.

August 22.

2awd

FOR SALE,
Kanawha Land, of the first quality;
ONE thousand acres, lying on Duck creek, which is a branch of Elk river into which empties, about 40 miles above the confluence of Elk with the great Kanawha.

It is a parallelogram—finely watered—Duck creek permeating every side.

In a letter from Mr. Triplett, the surveyor, I am told that 700 acres are bottom, as tie, as he ever surveyed, and that the high ground is fertile. Mr. B. Reid also informs me that he has seen persons who have been on the land, and who speak of it in the highest terms.

It lies about 25 miles N.E. of Kanawha court-house, in a healthy country, eligible situation, and profers to the industrious every comfort that can flow from judicious tillage and extensive grazing.

Five Dollars per acre are expected for this tract—one third in hand, and the remainder in two annual instalments; or property in Alexandria, Fairfax or Loudoun will be received in exchange.

THOMAS DAVIS.

Alexandria, June 7th.

co

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, COUNTY OF ALEXANDRIA, &c.

July Term, 1806.

William G. Garland, Compt'l.

vs.

Thomas White, Josiah Faxon, Dwight Metcalf, & Joseph Baxter, jun. trading under the firm of Faxon, Metcalf and Co. Dfts.

THE defendant Thomas White, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said defendant Thomas White, is not an inhabitant of this district—on motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant Thomas White, do appear here on the first day of November term next and enter his appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of the court, and that the other defendants Faxon, Metcalf and Company, do not pay away, convey or secrete, the debts by them owing to or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendant Thomas White, until the further order or decree of the court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in both of the public newspapers published in this county for two months successively, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.

A copy—Teste.

G. Dencale, c. c.

September 13. d2m
*PRINTING, in its various branches,
handsomely executed at this Office.*

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE stockholders in the Alexandria theatre having purchased in the same, to prevent its being re-entered on, for the payment of ground rent, and having agreed to advance the sum of 18 dollars on each share, for the purpose of discharging the incumbrance, give this notice, that the following shares will become forfeited, unless the sum of 18 dollars be paid on the same, on or before the 15th October next, to wit, Margaret West 2 shares, Adam Douglass one share, Stephen Cooke one share, Bernard Chequier one share, and Clotworthy Stephenson one share, and the subscriber is authorized to rent the said theatre to any person applying, either by the night, month or year.

GUY ATKINSON.

Agent for the stockholders.

September 2.

2aw2150

PUBLIC NOTICE

To the Inhabitants of Alexandria.

THE Assessor's returns, not being made out as early as usual, has of course prevented my calling for taxes due the corporation, until this late period: I therefore hope that every person will be prepared to discharge them at the first call, as very little indulgence can be given.

Abel Janney, Collector.

September 26.

2awtw

Clover Lots and building Lots.

I WILL RENT for a term of years, or LEASE on ground rent for ever, a number of LOTS on Washington and Columbus streets—some of which are well taken with Clover.

J. H. HOPE.

N. B. I will also RENT for one or more years, a small HOUSE, with a good GARDEN, on Gibbon street.

July 28.

law

TO RENT,

And possession given on the first day of September next.

A NEW two story BRICK HOUSE, on Prince-street, opposite Mr. Thos. Janney's and adjoining Mr. Abel Janney's—in a healthy situation and good water. Terms may be known on application to James Campbell or to

Mr. Abel Janney.

August 14.

2awf

Gun and Pistol Manufactory.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he continues to carry on the above manufactory in all its various branches; where all orders in his line of business will be executed on the shortest notice.

He expects, in the course of a few weeks, an elegant assortment of GUNS and PISTOLS from the best manufactory in England.

A good Journeyman will hear of employment by applying to the subscriber.

Robert Nash,

King-street, near the water, Alexandria.

N. B. A generous price will be given for good seasoned WALNUT PLANK, of from two inch to two and a half in thickness.

September 22.

2awf

The Subscriber has received

The following ARTICLES,

Which he offers for Sale very low:

15 hogheads first quality St. Croix Sugar

10 bales Tennessee cotton

6 pipes 4th proof cognac brandy

10 hogheads well flavored 4th proof Jamaica rum

30 barrels New-England Rum.

AND ON HAND,

Imperial

Lyon

Young Hyson

Hyson Skin, and

First quality Souchong

Best green coffee in bags

Chocolate

Loaf and Lump sugar

London particular Madeira

Particular Teneriffe

Lisbon

Sherry, and

150 dozen bottled Port, wry old

A few cases claret, superior quality

Cognac and old peach brandy

Jamaica and Antigua spirit

Holland gin

New-England rum and whiskey

Mace, nutmegs, cloves and pimento

Black pepper, allspice, & ground ginger

Pearl barley, rice, starch, and fig blue

Dixon's Philadelphia, & English mustard

Refined Salt-Petre

Brown and white soap

Mould and dip candles

Indigo, alum, madder, copperas, & roll brimstone

English gun-powder

Demijohn

James Sanderson.

September 17.

The subscriber offers to Rent,

FOR the next season, his FISHING SHORES, at Mount Vernon, at one of which there is a commodious fish house, and about 60 tight fogheads, the use of which will be enjoyed by the tenant during the season. The terms will be made known by applying to Mr. John Cannon, at Mount Vernon.

I take this opportunity to forewarn all persons against hunting or in any manner trespassing upon my lands in Fairfax county.

Bushrod Washington.

Mount Vernon, Sept. 25 2aw3w

To be Rented,

THE BRICK STORE & COMPTING-HOUSE now occupied by Messrs. Ricketts, Newton & Co.—also, the vacant STORE adjoining. They are large and convenient, and will be rented low. Apply to

J. H. HOPE.

July 28. 4aw

Just Received,

Auth for SALE by the Subscriber, at his Store in King-street;

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF THE Very latest and best Sea Charts,

By Heather.

AMONG WHICH ARE—

The Atlantic Ocean, Baltic, North Sea, Cattegat, Bristol and St. George's Channel, Bay of Biscay, Mediterranean Sea, Scilly, Azores, Canary and Cape de Verd Islands, West-Indies, general and particular, Bermuda, Gulf of St. Laurence, North American Coast, from Boston to Savannah, Guyana, the Coasts of Great-Britain and Ireland, France, Spain, Portugal and Holland, large and small, with Books of Directions to some of them—a few Day and Night Telescopes, Aeromatic Perspective Glasses, best double tangent Quadrants, Mathematical Instruments, Scales and Dividers, Adams's Geometrical and Graphical Essays, with a volume of Plates, Expeditions Measurer, Blunt's Coasting Pilot, Sea Journals, Reeves's Water Colours, in boxes and singly, Camoys' Hair Pencils, some very elegant Italian Prints, Apollo seated in the Chariot, ushering in the Morn, attended by the Hours in festive dance and preceded by Flora scattering flowers on the morning air. Views of St. Peter's, the Vatican, and other Buildings in Rome.

James Kennedy, Sen.

September 4. 2aww

New Publications,

Lately received, for SALE by R. GRAY, in King-street.

The Life and Pontificate of Leo the tenth, by William Roscoe, in 4 vols. octavo, ornamented with copper plates. Price 10 dollars in boards.

The Modern Philosopher; or TERRIBLE TRACTATION!, in 4 cantos. Most respectfully addressed to the royal college of physicians, London. By Christopher Caustic. Second American edition. Revised, corrected, and much enlarged, by the author, and ornamented with two elegant copper plate engravings; one vol. octavo—price two dollars in boards.

A new history of Napoleon Bonaparte, emperor of the French and king of Italy, with two engravings; one representing the battle of Austerlitz, the other a view of the battle; one vol. octavo—price two dollars fifty cents, bound.

Conversations on Chemistry, in which the elements of that science are familiarly explained and illustrated by experiments and plates; two vols. in one—price in boards, two dollars.

The Mariners' Chronicle; being a collection of the most interesting narratives of shipwrecks, fires, famines, and other calamities incident to life of maritime enterprise; by Archibald Duncan, late of the royal navy; in four vols. 12 mo. ornamented with numerous engravings—price, in boards, six dollars for the four volumes.

Secret History of the Court and Cabinet of St. Cloud; octavo—price, in boards, two dollars.

East's Pleas of the Crown, 2 vols. octavo—price eleven dollars, bound.

East's Reports, vol. 6th—price five dollars.

Sacred and profane History, epitomised, for the use of schools; by Benjamin Tucker; 12 mo. price one dollar.

A short system of Polite Learning, being an epitome of the arts and sciences; for the use of schools—price 62 and half cents.

Domestic Recreation; or Dialogues; illustrative of natural and scientific subjects; by Priscilla Wakefield—price 62 and half cents. Now in press, and will be published in about two months.

Original Anecdotes of Frederick the second, King of Prussia, and of his family, his court, his ministers, his academies, and his literary friends: collected during a familiar intercourse of twenty years with that prince. Translated from the French of Dieudonne Thiebault, professor of belles lettres in the academy of Berlin.

R. GRAY

Keeps constantly for Sale,

A large stock of School-Books and other articles suitable for country dealers; which he will sell on very liberal terms.

September 11. 2aw2m

JOHN G. LADD

Has for Sale,

Muscovado and loaf sugars, in hogheads, tierces and barrels.

Jamaica and New-England rum, in do.

Molasses, of the best quality, in do.

French brandy and Holland gin, in pipes.

Lisbon, Malaga, Sherry, and Ten. wine.